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TITLE: OUTPUT POWER CONTROL METHOD FOR SOLAR BATTERY

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INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

TANIGUCHI, TOMOO

ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION:

NAME

DAIKIN IND LTD

COUNTRY

N/A

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ABSTRACT:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To supply the electric power and the voltage having the reduced variance to a DC load from a solar battery by detecting the DC load voltage and comparing this voltage with two different threshold voltage levels and controlling the distribution rate based on the result of comparison.

SOLUTION: A commercial power supply system 1 is connected to a DC load via a rectifier circuit 2 and at the same time a solar battery module 4 is connected to a load 3 via a DC power conversion device 5. Then a controller 6 inputs the output voltage $V_{s<SB>}$ and output current $I_{s<SB>}$ of the module 4 and the double end voltage $V_{inv<SB>}$ of the load 3 and compares them with high and low threshold voltage levels. When the voltage $V_{inv<SB>}$ is higher

than both threshold voltage levels, the controller 6 outputs a distribution rate command α_1 to perform the output voltage suppression control. When the voltage V_{inv} is lower than both threshold voltage levels, the controller 6 outputs the command α_1 to perform the maximum power tracking. When the voltage V_{inv} is equal to a level set between both threshold voltage levels, the controller 6 keeps the distribution rate as it is. As a result, the electric power and the voltage having the reduced variance can be supplied to the load.

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